#### Changes to Movement Permission Policy (Appendix M) for HPAI 2022 Event Response Plan

#### Notes:

- This policy is not applicable to the movement restrictions and movement permissions applied to an Infected Premises for Avian Influenza or a High Risk Contact Premises associated with an Infected Premises.
- If a movement is between two different PCZ's (either Commercial or Non-Commercial PCZ classification) the conditions for the movement out of one PCZ to the FZ must be combined with the movement into another PCZ. If the Permit type for one of these movements is a General Permit but the other is a Specific Permit, a Specific Permit is issued with the Biosecurity and Specific Commodity statements as applicable for the movement.
- **Important:** The CFIA has the right to change any of the permit types or movement requirements at any time during the AI outbreak without prior notice. It is the responsibility of the person planning to move poultry, poultry products, and poultry-related material and equipment to obtain the most current movement requirements prior to moving the controlled commodities.

### Live Birds to Slaughter (for domestic use only)

Previous Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions	Event Response Plan Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions Commercial PCZ			Non-Commercial PCZ
Out of PCZ and within PCZ movements	Out of PCZ and IZ to within PCZ movements	RZ to within PCZ movements	Out of and within Security Zone	Out of or within IZ, RZ or SZ
Completed pre-movement testing within 72 hours of scheduled movement, or dead bird surveillance (DBS) once in the 72 hours prior to movement, or dead bird surveillance twice in the week prior to slaughter. (Note: the only option for anseriformes is pre-movement testing). Pre-movement testing may be performed by CFIA or by a private veterinarian.  Weekly flock health questionnaires (FHQ) must be sent to CFIA prior to slaughter. CFIA will evaluate the FHQs for production parameters and mortalities.  A flock health questionnaire must be submitted to CFIA within 24 hours of movement.	Completed pre-movement testing within 72 hours of scheduled movement, or dead bird surveillance (DBS) once in the 72 hours prior to movement, or dead bird surveillance twice in the week prior to slaughter. (Note: the only option for anseriformes is pre-movement testing). Pre-movement testing may be performed by CFIA or by a private veterinarian.  A flock health attestation must be submitted to CFIA within 24 hours of movement.	A flock health attestation must be signed and submitted to CFIA within 24 hours of movement.	Traceable General Permit	Traceable General Permit

#### Live Birds (Mature or Replacement poultry) from a Commercial Premises to another Commercial Poultry Premises

Previous Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions	Event Response Plan Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions Commercial PCZ			Non-Commercial PCZ
Out of PCZ and within PCZ movements	IZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	RZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	Out of and within Security Zone	Out of or within IZ, RZ or SZ
Movement of live birds between two poultry premises out of and within the infected zone is prohibited.  Pre-movement testing with negative results within 72 hours of loading the birds for movement for any movements out of the Restricted Zone.  Weekly flock health questionnaires (FHQ) must be sent to CFIA prior to movement out of the Restricted Zone.  CFIA will evaluate the FHQs for production parameters and mortalities.  A flock health questionnaire must be submitted to CFIA within 24 hours of movement for any movements out of the Control Zone.	Specific Permit  0-1 km from the infected premises: Movement is PROHIBITED until 14 full days of surveillance have occurred in the IZ.  Pre-movement testing with negative results within 72 hours of loading the birds for movement.  Flock health attestation must be submitted to CFIA within 24 hours of movement.	Pre-movement testing with negative results within 72 hours of loading the birds for movement.  A flock health attestation must be submitted to CFIA within 24 hours of movement.	Traceable General Permit	Traceable General Permit

### Day-old poultry from a registered/licenced hatchery to a commercial poultry premises

Previous Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions	Event Response Plan Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions Commercial PCZ			Non-Commercial PCZ
Into PCZ and within PCZ movements	Into and within the IZ	Into and within the RZ	Out of and within Security Zone	Out of or within IZ, RZ or SZ
Placement of day-old poultry is not allowed on premises located within the IZ until the disposal activities and viral load on the infected premises has been reduced to a level where the risk of transmission is considered to be negligible (e.g. compost pile is built, static and capped or covered, deep burial completed or other disposal method completed).  If the receiving premises already has birds on site, premises as a whole must have been in compliance with surveillance requirements for the respective zone for a minimum of one week.  Once placed, birds are subjected to the surveillance requirements for the zone.  The receiving premises must confine the birds in a manner to prevent access to the wild bird population and other wildlife. Each placement of poultry must be recorded and carried out with appropriate scheduling, isolation and segregation to minimize the introduction or spread of disease. A biosecurity protocol must be in place on the premises to manage people, equipment and vehicles to	Placement of day-old poultry is not allowed on premises located within 1km of the an infected premises until the disposal activities and viral load on the infected premises has been reduced to a level where the risk of transmission is considered to be negligible (e.g. compost pile is built, static and capped or covered, deep burial completed or other disposal method completed). If the receiving premises already has birds on site, the premises as a whole must have been in compliance with surveillance requirements for the respective zone. If the premises already has birds on site, a flock health attestation must be submitted to CFIA within 24 hours of movement.  Once placed, birds are subjected to the surveillance requirements for the zone, and the date of eligibility for zone release of the premises will not change.  Placement must occur in a fully confined barn.	Specific Permit  The receiving premises must confine the birds in a manner to prevent access to the wild bird population and other wildlife. Each placement of poultry must be recorded and carried out with appropriate scheduling, isolation and segregation to minimize the introduction or spread of disease. A biosecurity protocol must be in place on the premises to manage people, equipment and vehicles to ensure they do not pose a risk of introducing or spreading disease.  A biosecurity SOP for commercial transporters must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).  The receiving premises must confine the birds in a manner to prevent access to the wild bird population and other wildlife. Each placement of poultry must be recorded and carried out with appropriate scheduling, isolation and segregation to minimize the introduction or	Traceable General Permit	Traceable General Permit

ensure they do not pose a risk of introducing or spreading disease.

A biosecurity SOP for commercial transporters must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).

Barn has undergone cleaning and barn preparation for placement of day old poultry as per commercial industry standards.

There is new bedding in the barn ready for the day-old poultry to be placed, before the barn being heat-treated.

The barn for day old poultry placement has been heat-treated to 30oC, according to normal industry standards, for at least three days.

For commercial, non-supply managed premises, SOPs for barn cleaning, barn preparation and biosecurity standard for the premises must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity only needs to occur once for the first placement on that premises).

spread of disease. A biosecurity protocol must be in place on the premises to manage people, equipment and vehicles to ensure they do not pose a risk of introducing or spreading disease.

A biosecurity SOP for commercial transporters must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).

#### Unwashed, Ungraded Table Eggs and Surplus Hatching Eggs to a Egg Grading Station or Breaking Station

Previous Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions	Event Response Plan Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions  Commercial PCZ			Non-Commercial PCZ
Out of PCZ and within PCZ movements	IZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	RZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	Out of and within Security Zone	Out of or within IZ, RZ or SZ
Specific Permit  Weekly flock health questionnaires (FHQ) must be sent to CFIA for any movements out of the Control Zone. CFIA will evaluate the FHQs for production parameters and mortalities.	Traceable General Permit	Traceable General Permit	Traceable General Permit	Traceable General Permit

### **Hatching Eggs to a Registered Hatchery**

Previous Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions	Event Response Plan Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions  Commercial PCZ			Non-Commercial PCZ
Out of PCZ and within PCZ movements	IZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	RZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	Out of and within Security Zone	Out of or within IZ, RZ or SZ
For anseriformes: Dead bird surveillance (DBS) must be performed twice a week with a minimum of two DBS sampling events with negative results before scheduled movement and a minimum of two DBS sampling events per week, thereafter or premovement testing within 72 hours of first scheduled movement and within 7 days of scheduled egg pick up, thereafter (or until the two DBS sampling events can be met and continued).  The source flock and premises must be in compliance with the surveillance requirements of the respective zone (Infected Zone or Restricted Zone).  Source flock must provide the daily flock health and production records (mortality, egg production, water, and feed consumption) to the CFIA once a week.  Hatchery must submit hatchability records to the CFIA twice a week.	For anseriformes: dead bird surveillance (DBS) must be performed twice a week with a minimum of two DBS sampling events with negative results before the first scheduled movement. Thereafter, a minimum of two DBS sampling events per week will be continued, or pre-movement testing within 72 hours of first scheduled movement and within 7 days of scheduled egg pick up.  The source flock and premises must be in compliance with the surveillance requirements of the respective zone.  Flock health attestation must be signed and submitted to CFIA within 24 hours of movement confirming the health status of the source flock during the previous 7 days.  Hatchery has completed an Attestation to report abnormal fertility and hatchability rates to CFIA immediately.	For anseriformes: dead bird surveillance (DBS) must be performed twice a week with a minimum of two DBS sampling events with negative results before the first scheduled movement. Thereafter, a minimum of two DBS sampling events per week will be continued, or pre-movement testing within 72 hours of first scheduled movement and within 7 days of scheduled egg pick up.  Flock health attestation must be signed and submitted to CFIA within 24 hours of movement confirming the health status of the source flock during the previous 7 days.  Hatchery has completed an Attestation to report abnormal fertility and hatchability rates to CFIA immediately.	Traceable General Permit	Traceable General Permit

# Poultry By-Products (Offal, Blood, Bones, Shell Egg Waste and Feathers) and Condemned Carcasses Moving From a Hatchery or a Regulated Slaughter Establishment

Previous Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions	Event Response Plan Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions  Commercial PCZ			Non-Commercial PCZ
Out of PCZ and within PCZ movements	IZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	RZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	Out of and within Security Zone	Out of or within IZ, RZ or SZ
To a rendering facility or an alternate disposal site:  Specific Permit  A biosecurity SOP for the transporter must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity also only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).	To a rendering facility: Traceable General Permit  To an alternate disposal site: Specific Permit  A declaration for disposal of poultry by-products must be submitted to the CFIA with the permit application.  A biosecurity SOP for the commercial transporter must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity also only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).	To a rendering facility: Traceable General Permit To an alternate disposal site: Specific Permit A declaration for disposal of poultry by-products must be submitted to the CFIA with the permit application.  A biosecurity SOP for the commercial transporter must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity also only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).	To a rendering facility or an alternate disposal site: Traceable General Permit	To a rendering facility or an alternate disposal site:  Traceable General Permit

## Poultry Carcasses Resulting From Normal End of Production Depopulation moving From a Premises to a Rendering Facility or to a Disposal Site Approved by the CFIA

Previous Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions	Event Response Plan Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions  Commercial PCZ			Non-Commercial PCZ
Out of PCZ and within PCZ movements	IZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	RZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	Out of and within Security Zone	Out of or within IZ, RZ or SZ
To a rendering facility or an alternate disposal site:  Specific Permit  The producer must comply with the requirements of the dead bird surveillance program that is specified for the zone (as applicable), with negative results.  The CFIA must complete a veterinary inspection of source flock within twenty-four (24) hours prior to destruction, and sign off on the appropriate form to verify the health status of the flock.  A biosecurity SOP for the transporter must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity also only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).	To a rendering facility: Traceable General Permit To an alternate disposal site: Specific Permit  A Flock Health Attestation for the flock of origin must be submitted within 24 hours prior to destruction.  The producer must comply with the requirements of surveillance program that is specified for the zone (as applicable), with negative results.  A declaration for disposal of poultry by-products must be submitted to the CFIA with the permit application.  A biosecurity SOP for the commercial transporter must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity also only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).	To a rendering facility:  Traceable General Permit  To an alternate disposal site:  Specific Permit  A Flock Health Attestation for the flock of origin must be submitted within 24 hours prior to destruction.  The producer must comply with the requirements of surveillance program that is specified for the zone (as applicable).  A declaration for disposal of poultry by-products must be submitted to the CFIA with the permit application.  A biosecurity SOP for the commercial transporter must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity also only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).	To a rendering facility or an alternate disposal site: Traceable General Permit	To a rendering facility or an alternate disposal site:  Traceable General Permit

### Poultry Carcasses Resulting From <u>Normal</u> Mortality and Non-Saleable Egg Waste Moving From a Poultry Premises to a Rendering Facility or to an Alternate Disposal Site Approved by the CFIA

Previous Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions	Event Response Plan Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions  Commercial PCZ			Non-Commercial PCZ
Out of PCZ and within PCZ movements	IZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	RZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	Out of and within Security Zone	Out of or within IZ, RZ or SZ
To a rendering facility or an alternate disposal site:  Specific Permit  The producer must comply with the requirements of the dead bird surveillance program that is specified for the zone (as applicable), with negative results.  A biosecurity SOP for the transporter must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity also only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).	To a rendering facility: Traceable General Permit  To an alternate disposal site: Specific Permit  The producer must comply with the requirements of surveillance specified for the zone (as applicable).  A declaration for disposal of poultry by-products must be signed and submitted to the CFIA with the permit application.  A biosecurity SOP for the commercial transporter must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity also only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).	To a rendering facility:  Traceable General Permit  To an alternate disposal site: Specific Permit  A declaration for disposal of poultry by-products must be signed and submitted to the CFIA with the permit application.  A biosecurity SOP for the commercial transporter must be submitted to CFIA for review and approval (this activity also only needs to occur once if the operator uses the same transporter).	To a rendering facility or an alternate disposal site: Traceable General Permit	To a rendering facility or an alternate disposal site:  Traceable General Permit

### Poultry Manure and Poultry Litter moving From One poultry Premises to Another

Previous Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions	Event Response Plan Appendix M Testing and Flock Health conditions  Commercial PCZ			Non-Commercial PCZ
Out of PCZ and within PCZ movements	IZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	RZ to within PCZ and out of PCZ movements	Out of and within Security Zone	Out of or within IZ, RZ or SZ
IZ: The source flock and premises must be in compliance with the surveillance requirements for a minimum of 1 week prior to issuance of permission.  Note: if manure was removed from the barn prior to the start date of movement restrictions being applied to the premises, the conditions listed above are not required.  Biosecurity SOP for transporter	IZ: The source flock and premises must be in compliance with the surveillance requirements for a minimum of 1 week prior to issuance of permission.  Note: if manure was removed from the barn prior to the start date of movement restrictions being applied to the premises, the conditions listed above are not required.  A declaration for disposal of poultry by-products must be submitted to the CFIA with the permit application.  Biosecurity SOP for the commercial transporter	A declaration for disposal of poultry by-products must be submitted to the CFIA with the permit application.  Biosecurity SOP for the commercial transporter	Traceable General Permit	Traceable General Permit